



PolarQuEEEst

Extreme Energy Events

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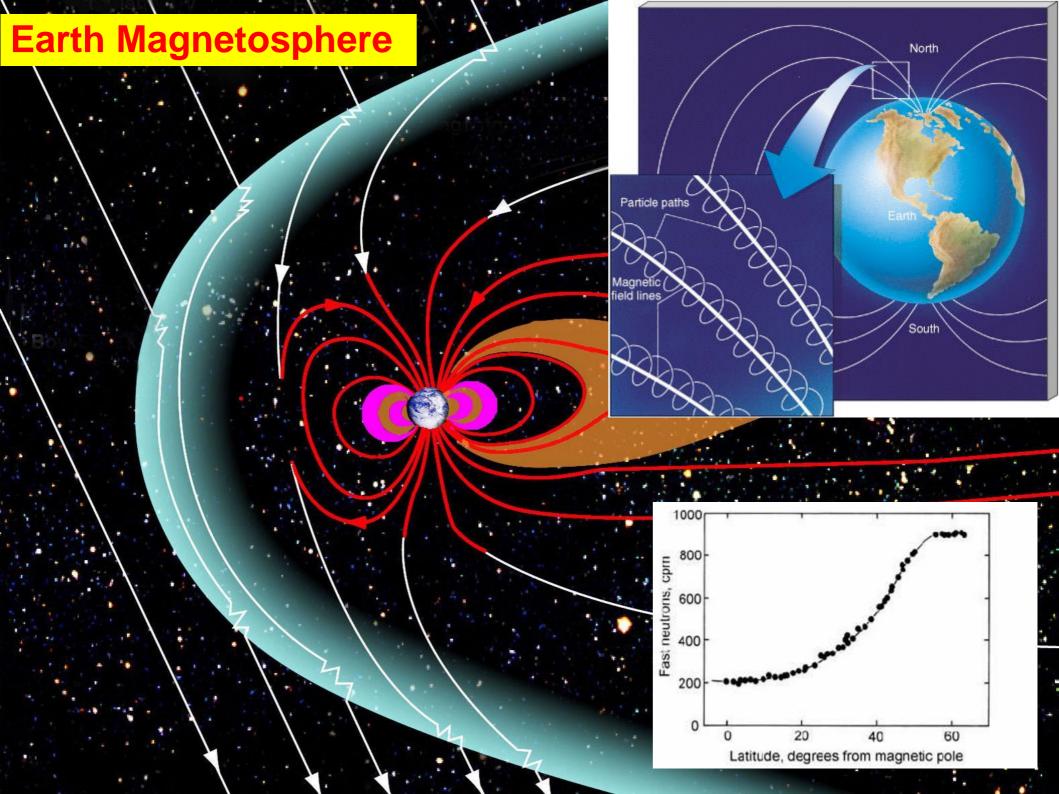
Extreme Weather Conditions!

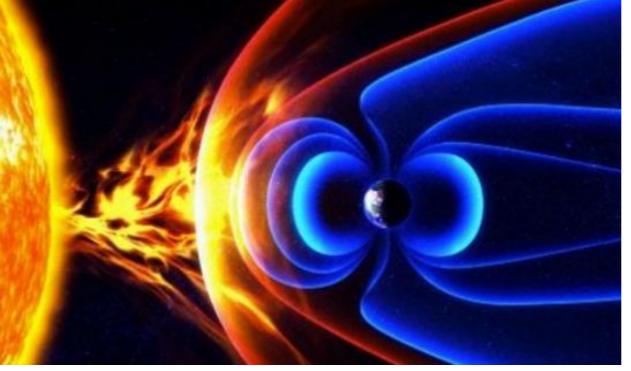
The PolarQuEEEst mission

... Cosmic Rays, the Geomagnetic Field

... and the Earth Climate ...



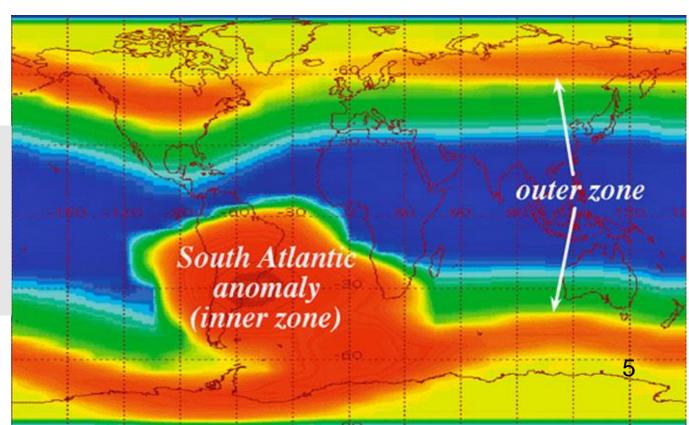


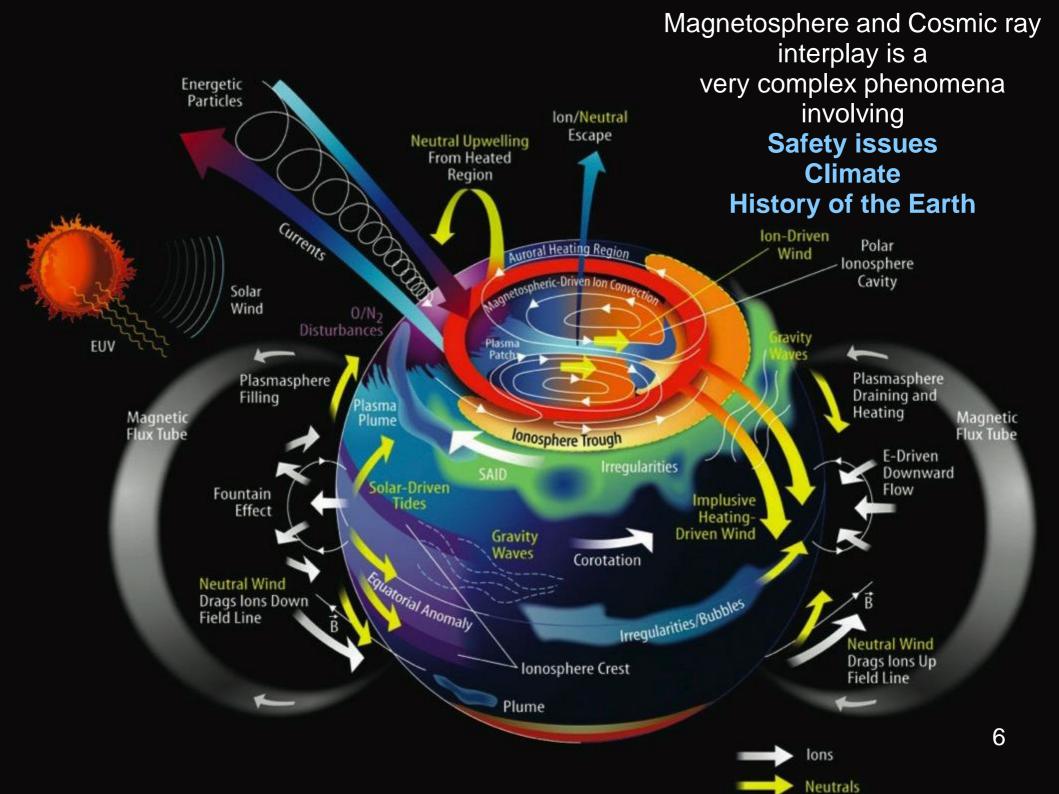


Earth Magnetosphere is modified by solar wind

Geomagnetic field anomalies play fundamental role in cosmic rays flux on Earth

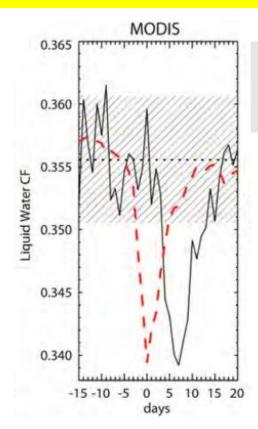
ISS, satellites and expeditions have to take it into account





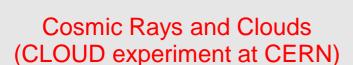
Cosmic Rays, Life and Paleoclimate

https://www.europhysicsnews.org/articles/epn/pdf/2015/02/epn2015462p26.pdf



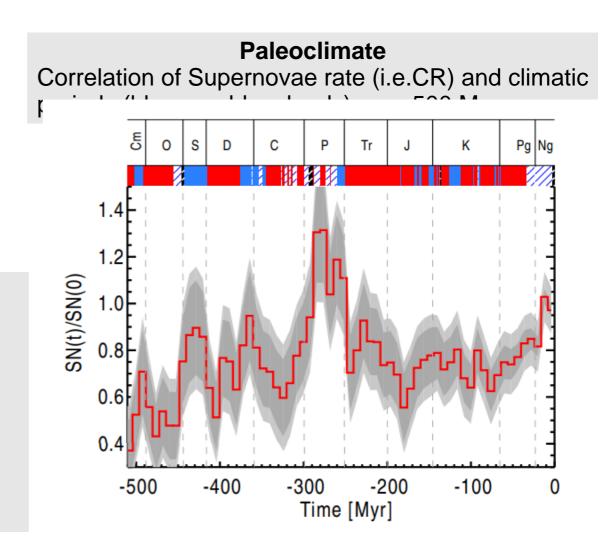
Forbush events

Correlation of neutron measurements (red) and liquid water cloud fraction (black)

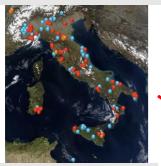


Condensation Nuclei density is influenced by CR flux

https://home.cern/about/experiments/cloud http://cerncourier.com/cws/article/cern/41723

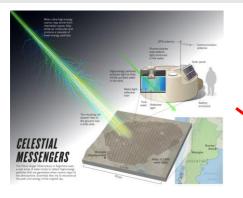


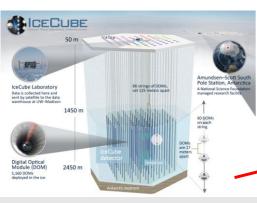
Large Area Cosmic rays experiments



EEE (Italy)

Pierre Auger Observatory Argentina



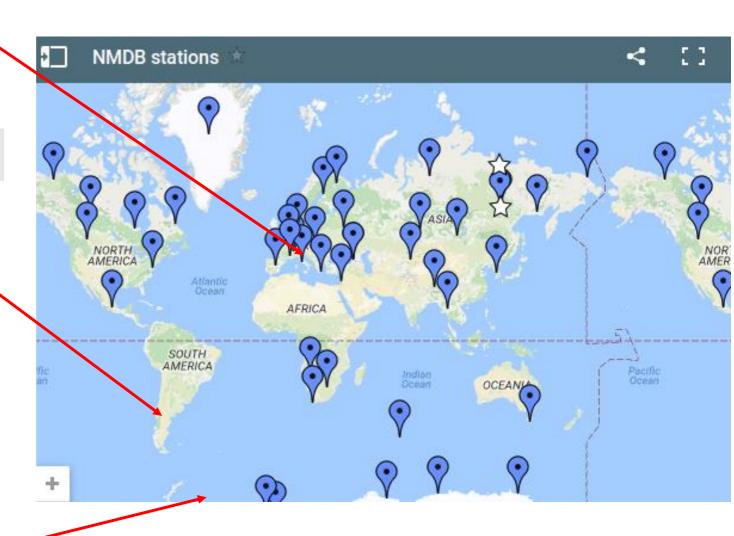


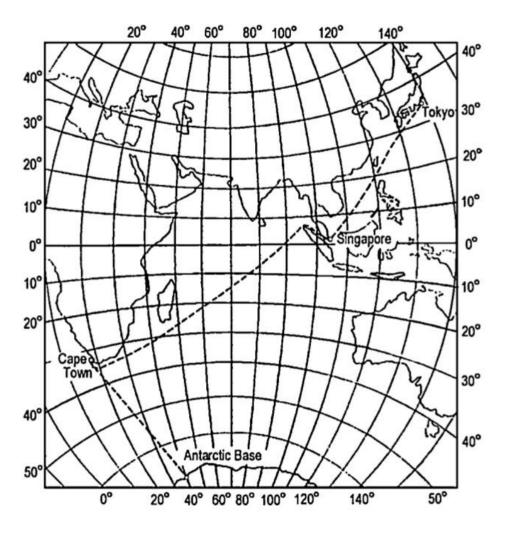
Ice Cube Observatory
South Pole Antartica



Cosmic rays Neutron Monitor Network

is the widest network for monitoring neutrons

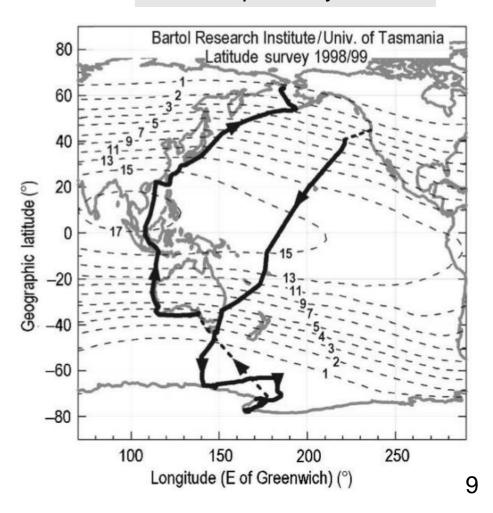




Soya Ship route, 1960

Previous measurements on boats

Polar Ship Survey, 1999



PolarQuEEEst and schools

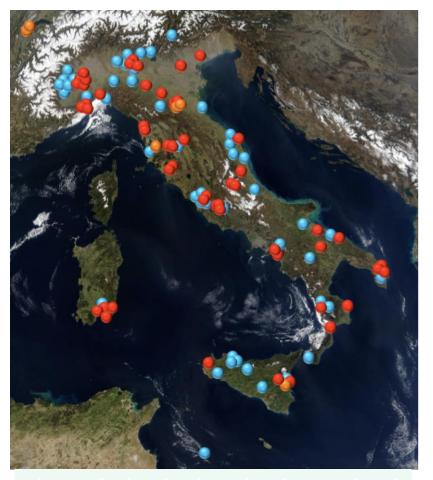
... involving students

in a real scientific measurement ...

at the edges of knowledge



Measurement of cosmic rays with detectors spread all over Italy



Map of the high schools involved 56 with a Telescope (red) 52 participating to analysis (blue)



MUSEO STORICO DELLA FISICA E CENTRO STUDI E RICERCHE ENRICO FERMI

Students at CERN building detectors

One telescope installed in a Institute



Example of masterclass with 140 students in Centro Majorana (Erice)



The PolarQuEEEst Network

3 PolarQuEEEst detector

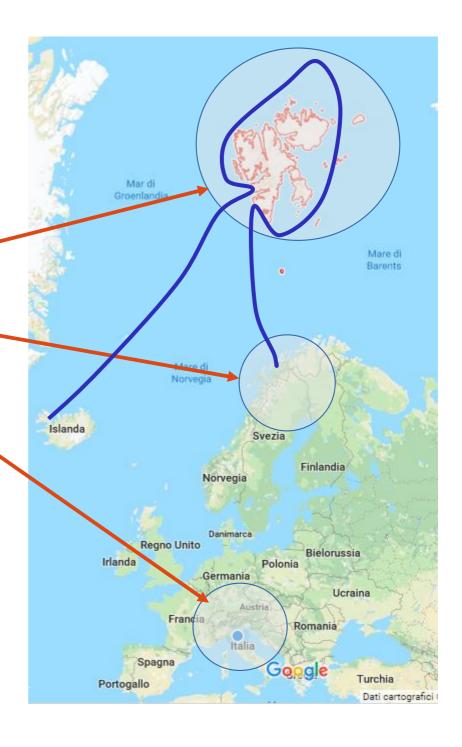
Onboard on Polar Nanua

Installed in a Norwegian High School

Installed in an Italian High School

As usual in EEE tradition all detectors will be mounted by students

≈ 45° in latitude, span 5000 km



The PolarQuEEEst detector

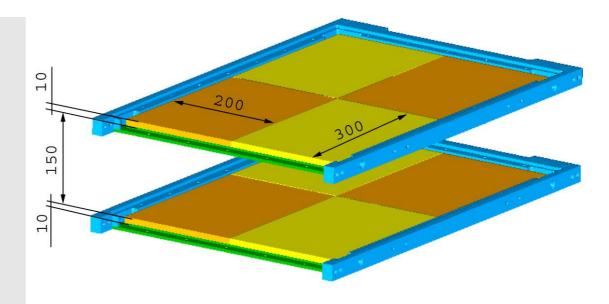
... an Extremely Compact Telescope

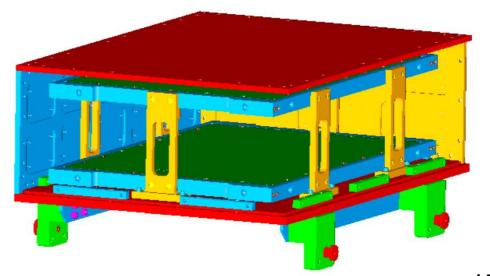
...full optional, anyway...

The PolarQuEEEst Detector

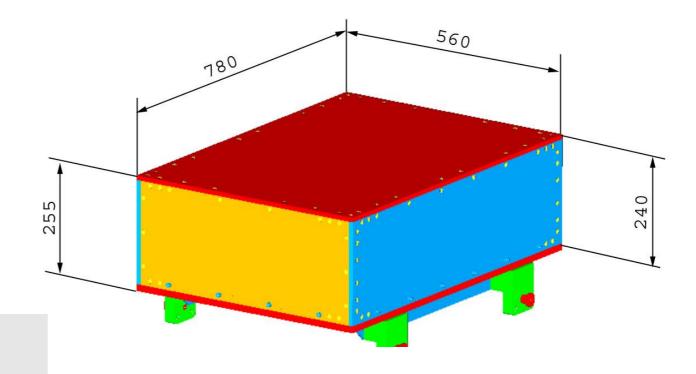
The detector

- 2 scintillator planes
- Distance between planes: 15 cm
- 4 tiles per plane 30 cm x 20 cm
- Each tile 2 SiPM
- Efficiency > 96% (overall)
- Trigger: AND among 2 planes
- Each plane: OR among 4 tiles
- · Muon rate: 10-15 Hz
- Dark rate per 2 plane (4 tiles): 3 10⁻⁴
 Hz
- \circ S/N ~ 5 10⁴





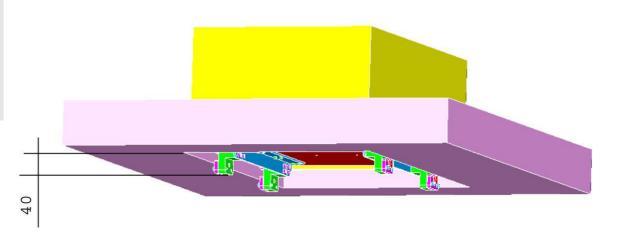
The PolarQuEEEst Detector

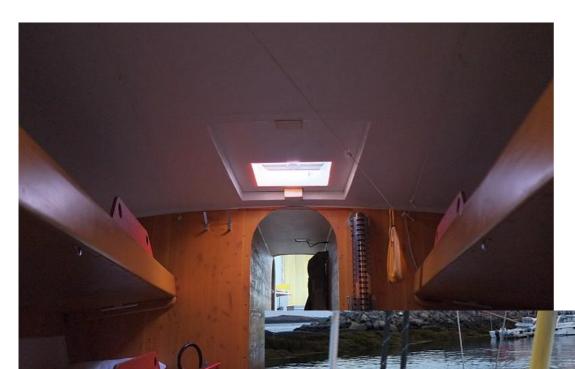


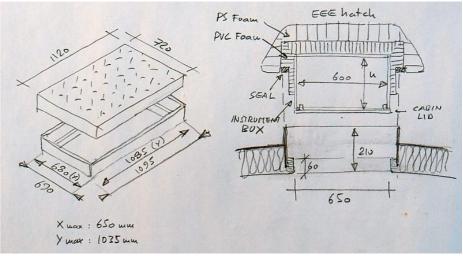
The detector case:

Shielding container:

- Light tight (black)
- Directly hooked to the boat hatch



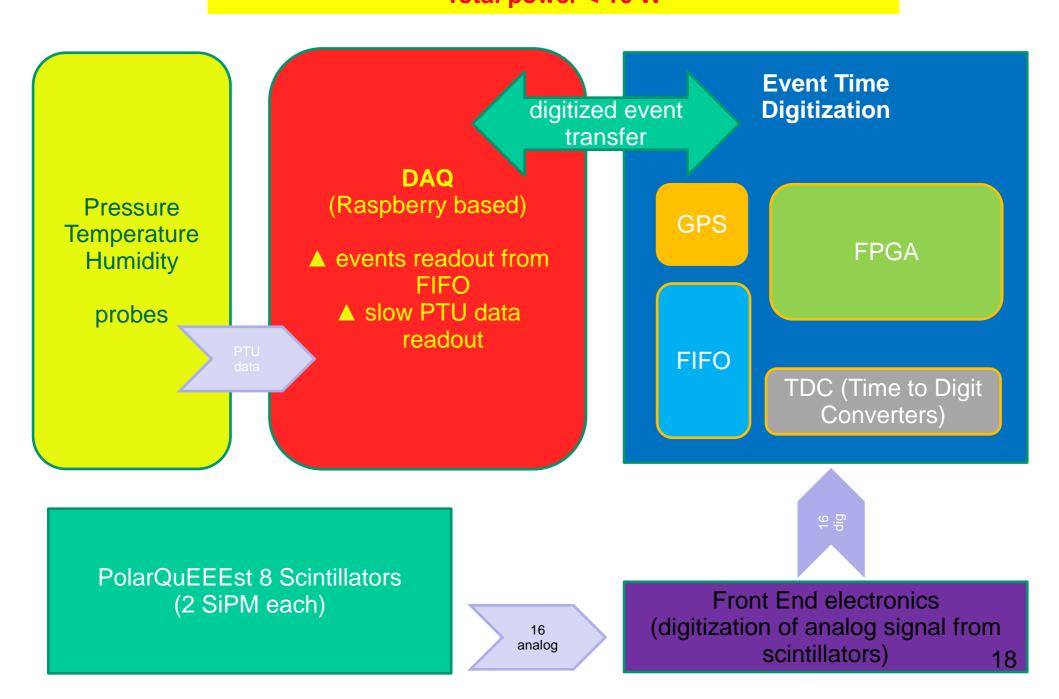




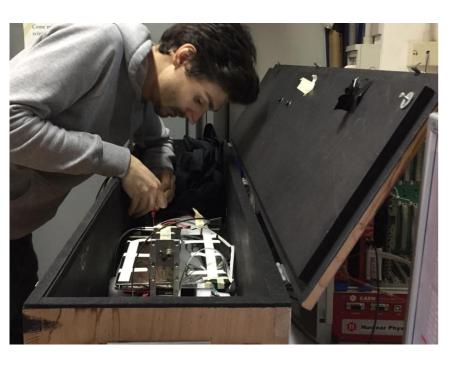
The

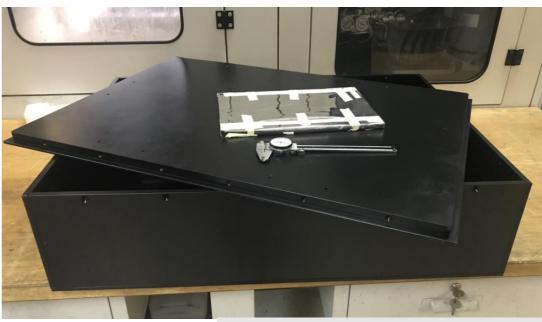
COSMIC HATCH

The PolarQuEEEst Data Acquisition System Total power < 16 W



The PolarQuEEEst Detector tests





Prototypes box and scintillators

Bachelor student during scintillator tests

4x4 mm² Silicon Photomultiplier

